



Belgisch **Wegen**congres  
Congrès belge de la **Route**

LEUVEN • 4-7.04.2022

## Capteurs intelligents et l'internet des objets au service de la construction de routes



# FEHRL

FEHRL is a Forum for R&D&I composed of national research institutes, universities and transport authorities

## FEHRL MEMBERS



## FEHRL ASSOCIATES



# FEHRL

## Innovative roads for everyone's mobility

Our mission is to serve society by accelerating the development and facilitating the deployment of collaborative science, technical knowledge and innovative solutions for the road infrastructure sector



# FEHRL

We want to co-create a Forever Open and Integrated Transport Infrastructure as a cornerstone for modern mobility

**FOREVER OPEN ROAD**

Redefining Road Transport for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century

FEHRL's Flagship Programme



**FORx4 - FOREVER OPEN  
ROAD, RAIL, RUNWAY AND RIVER**

Infrastructure Innovation for seamless mobility



# Project information

SENSKIN (“SENsing SKIN' for Monitoring-Based Maintenance of the Transport Infrastructure”)

- H2020 – MG8.1a-2014 (MOBILITY for GROWTH 2014-2015) – Smarter design, construction and maintenance
- Type of action: Research and Innovation
- Funding: 3.8 Meuro
- Consortium: 9 RTD Partners, 2 Road administrations, 2 Highway / bridge operators, 2 associated partners

# Structural Health Monitoring Definition

**“Damage detection and characterization strategy for engineering structures  
Condition assessment of infrastructures”**

- Monitoring of changes to the material and/or geometric properties of a structural system
- Static and dynamic behavior monitoring
- Changes in boundary conditions
- Examination of ability of structure to perform its intended function after time/event/aging etc.

# Structural Health Monitoring of Transport Infrastructures

- **Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)** has a predominant role in the management of transport infrastructure
- SHM systems in different types of structures contribute to a
  - safer
  - smarter
  - more efficient
- network of building, transportation infrastructures and energy structures





# Problem Definition



- Current SHM methods rely on the use of point sensors
- Dense network of sensors is required to monitor a structure, which is costly (and impractical)
- Conventional sensors fail at relatively low strains
- Sensor communication systems are unreliable in extreme service conditions (no foolproof alarm of an imminent structural collapse)
- Data obtained from sensors not employed routinely to define the most cost-effective and environmentally acceptable intervention

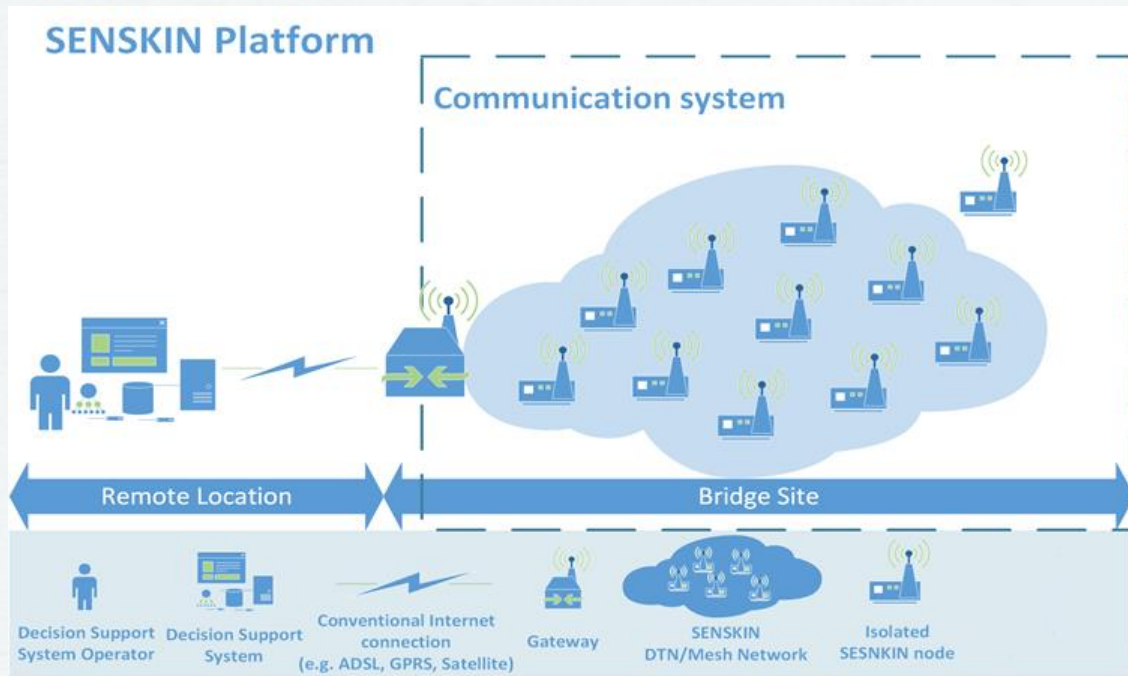


# SENSKIN - objectives

- Develop a dielectric-elastomer and micro-electronics-based skin-like sensing solution
- Use a Delay Tolerant Network
- Develop a Decision-Support-System
- Implement the above in the case of bridges and test, refine, evaluate and benchmark the monitoring system on actual bridges



# SENSKIN system architecture



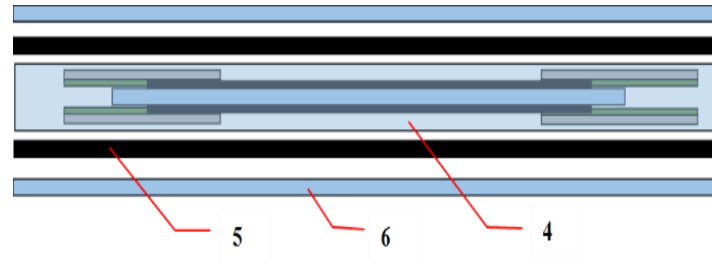
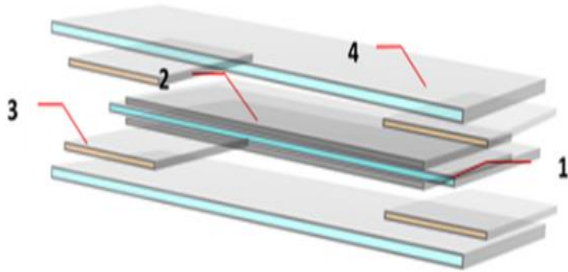
# The SENSKIN system (1/7)

The SENSKIN system comprises of the following modules/sub-systems:

- Polymer Sensor (the SENSKIN sensor)
- Data Acquisition (DAQ)
- SENSKIN Node
- Conventional Monitoring System
- Gateway
- Decision Support System

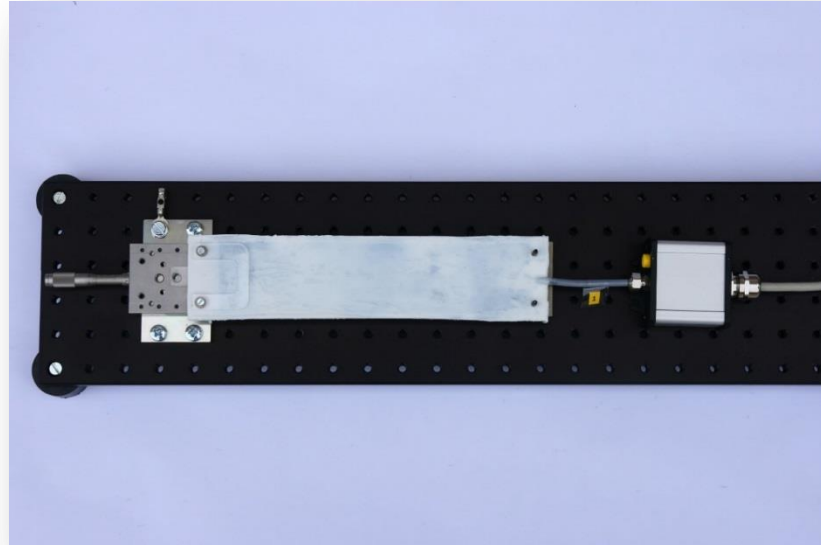
# The SENSKIN system (2/7)

- Polymer Sensor – the SENSKIN sensor



# The SENSKIN system (3/7)

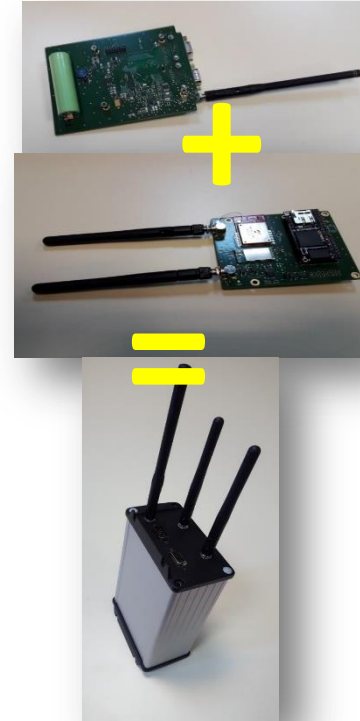
- Data Acquisition (DAQ)



# The SENSKIN system (4/7)

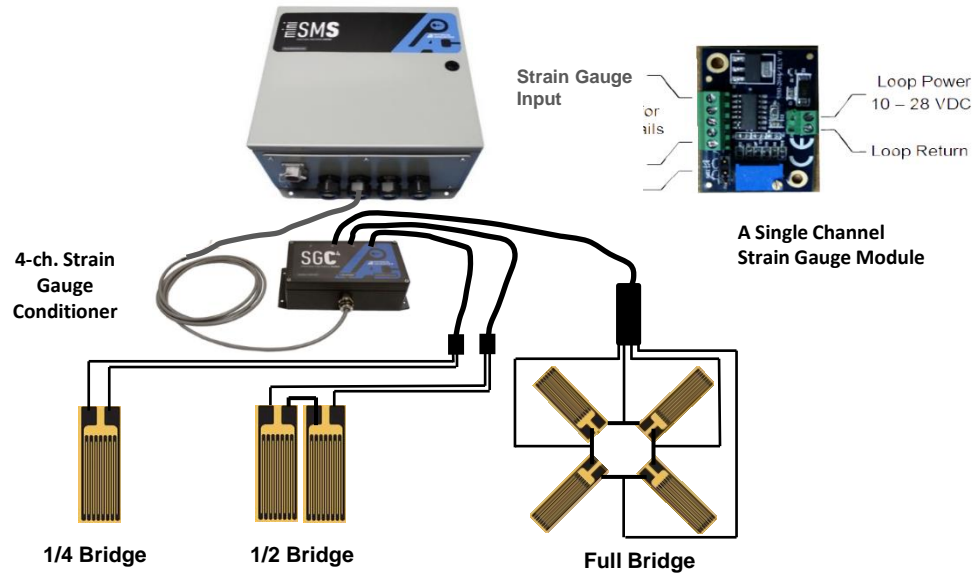
## ○ SENSKIN Node

- Integrated system in casing (bottom)
- Node Capabilities:
  - Connectivity to sensor (via DAQ)
  - Connectivity to local gateway
  - Low-power operation
  - Power management implementation



# The SENSKIN system (5/7)

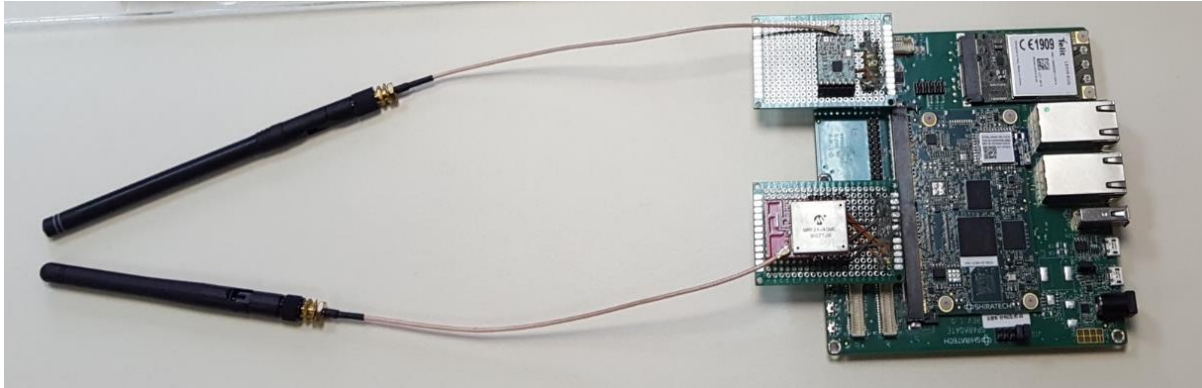
## ○ Conventional Monitoring System





# The SENSKIN system (6/7)

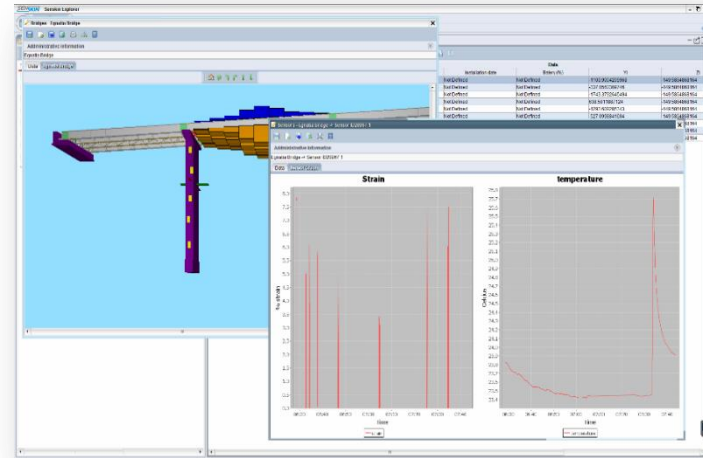
- Gateway



# The SENSKIN system (7/7)

## ○ Decision Support System

- End-User Interface
- Positioning of sensors and data presentation
- Methodology for maintenance decision, based on:
  - bridge structural condition
  - LCC and LCA analysis of rehabilitation options



# System installation and validation

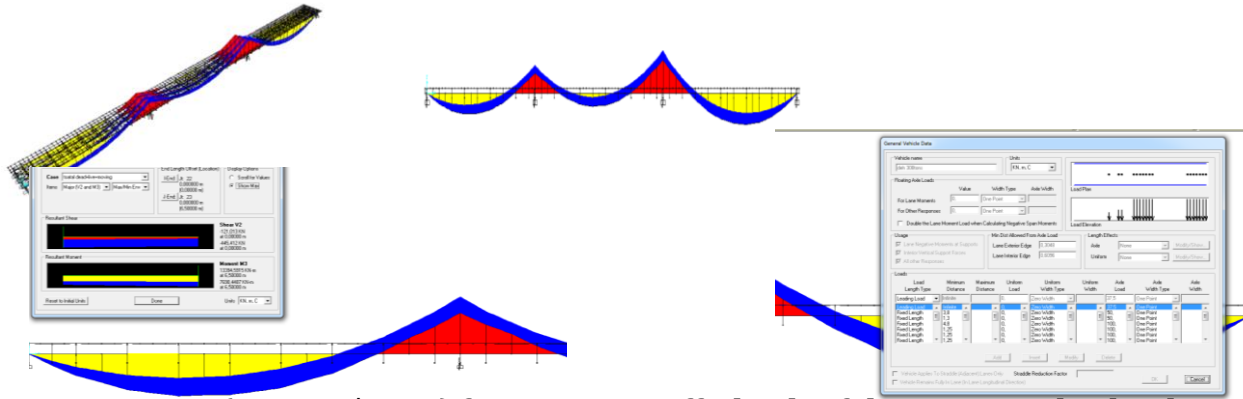


Bosphorus 1 suspension  
bridge in Istanbul

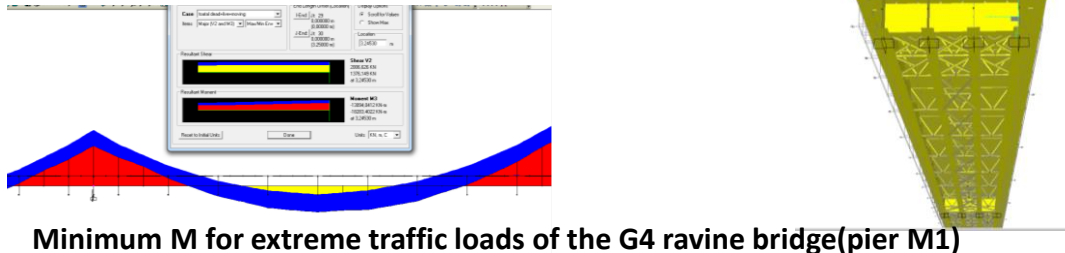
Egnatia Motorway  
ravine bridge G4



# System installation and validation

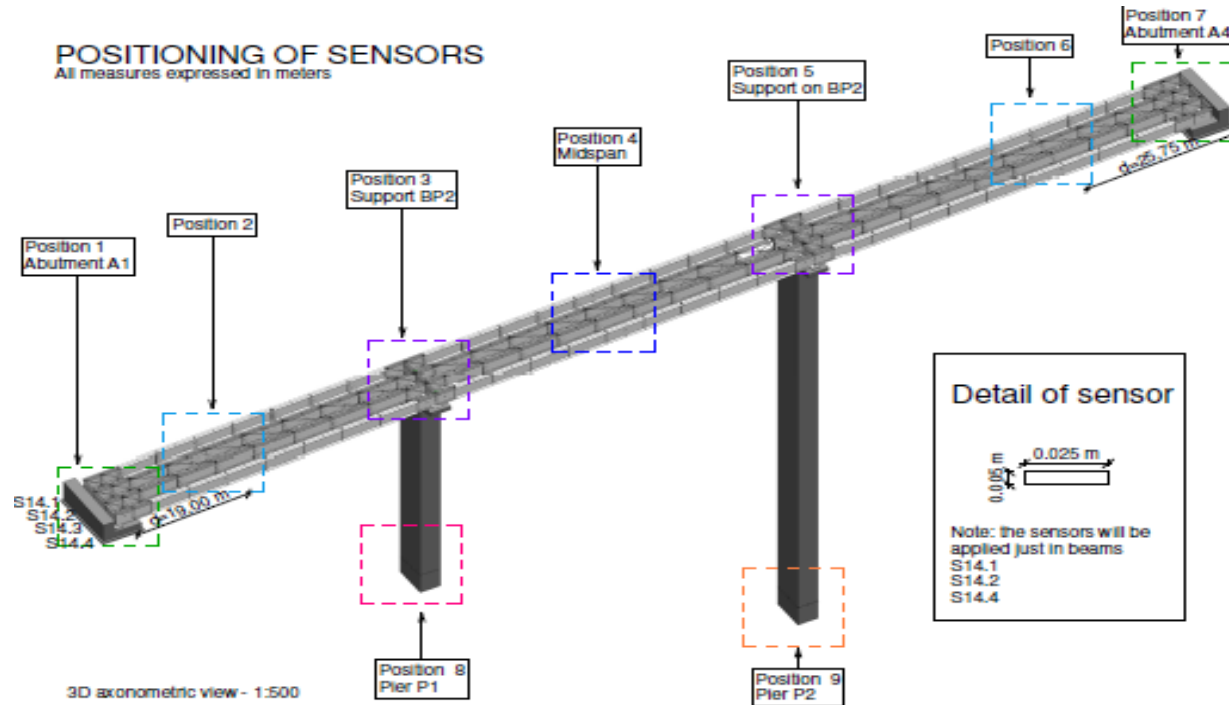


**Maximum M (A1M1 1<sup>st</sup> span) for extreme traffic loads of the G4 ravine bridge, by SAP 2000NL**



**Minimum M for extreme traffic loads of the G4 ravine bridge(pier M1)**

# System installation and validation



# System overall impact

- Monitoring and management systems increasing infrastructure capacity and optimizing maintenance costs for all transport modes
- Scarce bridge inspectors and structural engineers will be more efficiently used by reducing unnecessary inspections and optimizing the type of interventions
- Extension of the life span of ageing transport infrastructure
- New construction and maintenance techniques that enhance the performance and reliability of infrastructure

## UNE ORGANISATION



**ABR**

Association  
Belge de la Route



AGENTSCHAP  
**WEGEN & VERKEER**

## AVEC LE SOUTIEN DE



Centre de  
recherches routières



**BRUXELLES MOBILITÉ**  
SERVICE PUBLIC RÉGIONAL DE BRUXELLES



**FBEV**  
Fédération Belge des Entrepreneurs de Travaux de Voirie asbl





Belgisch **Wegen**congres  
Congrès belge de la **Route**

LEUVEN • 4-7.04.2022



## Contact

👤 Thierry GOGER

☎ +32 (0) 2 775 82 38

✉ [thierry.goger@fehl.org](mailto:thierry.goger@fehl.org)

